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Search History

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<u>L40</u> L39 and l35	11	<u>L40</u>
<u>L39</u> non-aspirin or non aspirin or non-steroidal or non steroidal	16054	<u>L39</u>
<u>L38</u> . L37 and l35	8	<u>L38</u>
<u>L37</u> rofecoxib or nabumetone or apazone or nimensulide or indomethacin or sulindac or etodolac	16683	<u>L37</u>
<u>L36</u> l26 and l35	10	<u>L36</u>
<u>L35</u> l5 or l29	242	<u>L35</u>
<u>L34</u> l29 and l32	5	<u>L34</u>
<u>L33</u> l29 same l32	0	<u>L33</u>
naproxen or sodium daproxen or fenoprofen or ketoprofen or fluurbiprofen or oxaprozin or piroxicam or meloxicam or tenoxicam or ampiroxicam or droxicam or pivoxicam or phenylbutazone or oxyphenbutazone or antipyrine or aminopyrine or dipyrine or celecoxib	15991	<u>L32</u>
<u>L31</u> l8 same l29	5	<u>L31</u>
<u>L30</u> L29 same l26	3	<u>L30</u>

<u>L29</u>	isoalpha acid or iso-alpha acid or iso alpha acid	240	<u>L29</u>
<u>L28</u>	iso-alpha acid or isoalpha cid or iso alpha acid	209	<u>L28</u>
<u>L27</u>	l26 same l6	0	<u>L27</u>
<u>L26</u>	salicylic acid or methyl salicylate or difulunisal or salsalate or olsalazine or sulfasalazine or acetanilide or acetanilide or acetaminophen or phenacetin or mefenamic acid or sodium meclofenamate or tolmetin or ketoorolac or diclofenac or ibuprofen	43174	<u>L26</u>
<u>L25</u>	l8 same l1	147	<u>L25</u>
<u>L24</u>	l8 and l1	1509	<u>L24</u>
<u>L23</u>	l8 and l1	1509	<u>L23</u>
<u>L22</u>	L21 and l6	7	<u>L22</u>
<u>L21</u>	ibuprofen	13883	<u>L21</u>
<u>L20</u>	l19 and l8	6	<u>L20</u>
<u>L19</u>	spent hops	141	<u>L19</u>
<u>L18</u>	l10 same l1	6	<u>L18</u>
<u>L17</u>	l10 and l1	123	<u>L17</u>
<u>L16</u>	l8 and l15	23	<u>L16</u>
<u>L15</u>	L14 same l13	1255	<u>L15</u>
<u>L14</u>	boil\$6	683508	<u>L14</u>
<u>L13</u>	hops	39768	<u>L13</u>
<u>L12</u>	l6 and l10	1	<u>L12</u>
<u>L11</u>	L10 and l8	6664	<u>L11</u>
<u>L10</u>	naproxen	8316	<u>L10</u>
<u>L9</u>	l6 and l8	10	<u>L9</u>
<u>L8</u>	anti-inflammatory or pain or antiinflmmatory or anti inflmmatory	164239	<u>L8</u>
<u>L7</u>	L6 same l2	2	<u>L7</u>
<u>L6</u>	l4 or l5	69	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	dihydro-isohumulone or dihydro-isocohumulone or dihydro-adhumulone	10	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	isoalpha acid	65	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	l1 same l2	48	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	anti-inflammatory	63944	<u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	beer	59387	<u>L1</u>

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:06:14 ON 03 NOV 2005

=> s (iso-alpha acid?) or (isoalpha acid?)
L1 432 (ISO-ALPHA ACID?) OR (ISOALPHA ACID?)

=> s anti-inflammatory or antiinflmmatory or anti-inflmmatory or pain?
L2 732900 ANTI-INFLAMMATORY OR ANTIINFLMMATORY OR ANTI-INFLMMATORY OR
PAIN?

=> s l1 and l2
L3 8 L1 AND L2

=> d 1-8 ab,bib

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 8 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The invention provides a composition comprising a reduced **isoalpha acid** (RIAA), selected from dihydroisohumulone, dihydroisocohumulone and dihydroadhumulone, and **isoalpha acid** (IAA), selected from isohumulone, isocohumulone, and isoadhumulone, isolated from hops, wherein the RIAA and IAA are in a ratio of about 3:1 to about 1:10. The invention also provides a method of reducing inflammation by administering a composition comprising a reduced **isoalpha acid** (RIAA) and **isoalpha acid** (IAA) isolated from hops, wherein the RIAA and IAA are in a ratio of about 3:1 to about 1:10. For example, synergy of PGE2 inhibition produced by four combinations of RIAA and IAA (3:1, 3:2, 1:1 and 1:10, resp.) was demonstrated in Raw 264.7 cells. Particularly relevant synergy occurred at the 1:1 and 1:10 RIAA/IAA ratios, at RIAA concns. <0.58 µg/mL and RIAA concns. >0.31 µg/mL.

AN 143:253900 CA

TI Synergistic **anti-inflammatory** compositions comprising an **isoalpha acid** and a reduced **isoalpha acid** from hops

IN Babish, John G.; Tripp, Matthew L.; Bland, Jeffrey S.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 21 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----|---------------|---|----------|-----------------|----------|
| PI | US 2005192356 | A1 | 20050901 | US 2004-789814 | 20040227 |
| | WO 2005084680 | A1 | 20050915 | WO 2005-US6216 | 20050226 |
| | W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM,
SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| | RW: | BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
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RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |

PRAI US 2004-789814 A 20040227

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 8 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A key component of inflammation is the increase in prostaglandin biosynthesis resulting from induction of the cyclooxygenase 2 (COX2) gene. The COX2 enzyme is the prime target of non-steroidal **anti-inflammatory** drug (NSAID) therapy. COX2 is constitutively expressed in some tissues such as the gastrointestinal tract and its inhibition may result in GI toxicity. Our goal was to identify inhibitors

of prostaglandin production that were not direct COX enzyme inhibitors. We screened natural products for inhibition of prostaglandin E2 production in lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-induced mouse macrophage RAW 264.7 cells. Altering the test, methodol. allowed circumstantial assessment of in vitro inhibition of COX1 and COX2 enzymes, or COX2 gene induction. Various hop (hydrophobic and hydrophilic) and modified (IAA, RIAA, THIAA, HHIAA) hop exts. were found to be among the most potent PGE2 inhibitors in LPS induced (PGE2 from COX2) but not non-induced (PGE2 from COX1) RAW 264.7 cells, indicating COX2 selectivity (ranging from 1.5- to 363-fold). In a human gastric mucosal cell (AGS) model where COX2 is constitutively expressed, a CO2 hop extract showed strong inhibition of PGE2; in contrast, no significant PGE2 inhibition was observed by the other hop exts., indicating a lack of direct COX enzyme inhibition. Correlating the in vitro models [\log_{10} (IC50AGS/IC50 RAW264.7)] allowed us to calculate a therapeutic index for each hop extract compared to various NSAIDs. We conclude that RIAA, IAA, THIAA, HHIAA, BA, and AA have strong potential as **anti-inflammatory** agents and predict, from our models, that they may have a low GI toxicity. An RIAA based **anti-inflammatory** preparation, Meta050, was tested clin. in a human pilot trial and showed efficacy against osteoarthritis pain.

AN 143:186388 CA
 TI Hop and modified hop extracts have potent in vitro **anti-inflammatory** properties

AU Tripp, M.; Darland, G.; Lerman, R.; Lukaczer, D.; Bland, J.; Babisch, J.

CS Metagenics Research and Development, Gig Harbor, WA, 98332, USA

SO Acta Horticulturae (2005), 668 (Proceedings of the 1st International

Humulus Symposium, 2004), 217-227

CODEN: AHORA2; ISSN: 0567-7572

PB International Society for Horticultural Science

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 8 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The invention provides hops (Humulus lupulus) exts. or derivs. thereof, such as humulone, cohumulone, adhumulone, isohumulone, etc., for use in treating a patient prophylactically and/or therapeutically for ulcerogenic-type disorders of the stomach and/or intestines. The ulcerogenic disorders can be induced chemical, environmentally, by infection, and/or by stress. The invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising an active amount of hops exts. or derivs. thereof, in combination with an analgesic compound and/or an **anti-inflammatory** compound. The invention further provides for use of hops exts. or derivs. thereof, significantly reducing and/or therapeutically treating ulcerogenic-type disorders of the stomach and/or intestines. For example, the hop preparation Redihop containing rho-iso-.alpha.-acids when combined with NSAIDs (ibuprofen and aspirin) not only attenuated the gastropathy of NSAIDs by decreasing an inhibition of PGE2 synthesis in AGS human gastric mucosal cells, but also increased therapeutic indexes of both ibuprofen and aspirin.

AN 141:400871 CA

TI **Anti-inflammatory** pharmaceutical compositions for reducing inflammation and the treatment or prevention of gastric toxicity
 IN Babish, John G.; Tripp, Matthew L.; Bland, Jeffrey S.; Howell, Terrence;
 Darland, Gary K.; Lerman, Robert H.; Lukaczer, Daniel O.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 49 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 689,856.
 CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 6

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| PI | US 2004219240 | A1 | 20041104 | US 2004-774048 | 20040205 |
| | US 2003008021 | A1 | 20030109 | US 2001-885721 | 20010620 |
| | US 2004086580 | A1 | 20040506 | US 2003-464410 | 20030618 |
| | US 2004115290 | A1 | 20040617 | US 2003-464834 | 20030618 |

| | | | | |
|--|----|----------|-----------------|----------|
| US 2004151792 | A1 | 20040805 | US 2003-689856 | 20031020 |
| WO 2005039483 | A2 | 20050506 | WO 2004-US16043 | 20040521 |
| WO 2005039483 | A3 | 20050929 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
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SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
SN, TD, TG | | | | |

PRAI US 2001-885721 A2 20010620
 US 2002-420383P P 20021021
 US 2003-450237P P 20030225
 US 2003-400293 B2 20030326
 US 2003-401283 B2 20030326
 US 2003-472460P P 20030522
 US 2003-464410 A2 20030618
 US 2003-464834 A2 20030618
 US 2003-689856 A2 20031020
 US 2004-774048 A 20040205

OS MARPAT 141:400871

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 8 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Compns. are provided including a synergistic combination of hops **isooalpha acids** and one or more isoflavones selected from genistein, genistin, daidzein, daidzin, glycinein and glycinin, wherein the weight ratio of hops **isooalpha acid** extract to isoflavones is from 1:50 to 50:1, calculated as aglycon. These compns. can be used as an **anti-inflammatory** agent or as a skin agent in particular for anti-ageing purposes. Examples given include Hops **isooalpha acids** increase procollagen and decorin synthesis in skin cells and the acids act synergistically to inhibit prostaglandin E2 expression in skin fibroblasts in response to stress.

AN 141:271563 CA

TI Hops **isooalpha acids** and isoflavones for **anti-inflammation** and anti-ageing compositions

IN Yates, Paula Rachel

PA Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever NV; Hindustan Lever Limited

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| PI | WO 2004082697 | A1 | 20040930 | WO 2004-EP1785 | 20040224 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
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LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
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ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | | |

PRAI GB 2003-6568 A 20030321

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 8 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Disclosed is a novel **anti-inflammatory** pharmaceutical composition that exhibits potent and selective inhibition of the cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) enzyme. The formulation consists of a hops extract

that exhibits COX-2 selectivity as defined by dividing the IC50 COX-2/IC50COX-1 concns. that are determined by testing with the William Harvey Whole Blood Assay (WHMA), and fall in the range 0.011-0.2. Such compns. may also optionally contain high levels of α -acids and low levels of β -acids, some flavonoid compds., and virtually no essential oils. Such compns. are useful for treating conditions that manifest as inflammatory pain, or are impacted by the COX-2 enzyme. The compns. are particularly beneficial for treating osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis, and can be used for chronic pain with reduced gastric side-effects. A hops extract contained α -acids 88, β -acids 3.2, and iso-.alpha. acids 3%.

The hops extract was more potent and selective than ibuprofen for inhibition of COX-2.

AN 141:111612 CA
 TI Hop extracts as anti-inflammatory cyclooxygenase-2-selective inhibitors
 IN Kahrts, Eric H.
 PA USA
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----|---------------|------|----------|---|----------|
| PI | US 2004137096 | A1 | 20040715 | US 2003-340183 | 20030109 |
| | WO 2004062611 | A2 | 20040729 | WO 2004-US613 | 20040109 |
| | WO 2004062611 | A3 | 20050407 | | |
| | | | | W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB,
BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR,
CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG,
ES, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GH, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU,
ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ,
KZ, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MG, MN,
MW, MX, MX, MZ | |

PRAI US 2003-340183 A 20030109

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 8 CA COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Disclosed is a pharmaceutical composition including a therapeutic quantity of a COX-2 inhibitor having an IC50-WHMA COX-2/COX-1 ratio ranging from about 0.23 to about 3.33 with reduced gastrointestinal and cardiovascular toxicity. Also disclosed are methods for treating osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis or acute pain with less side-effects and faster onset of action utilizing the disclosed pharmaceutical composition. A soft gelatin capsule was prepared by mixing a 70 % iso-.alpha. acid extract of hops with glycerin and other suitable excipients.

AN 138:374184 CA
 TI Novel anti-inflammatory cyclooxygenase inhibitors having decreased gastrointestinal and cardiovascular toxicity
 IN Kahrts, Eric Hauser
 PA USA
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| PI | US 2003091656 | A1 | 20030515 | US 2001-8778 | 20011113 |

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN
 AB Objective: Research suggests that osteoporosis is associated with systemic inflammation. We have previously shown that a reduced iso-.alpha. acids (RIAA), rosemary extract, and oleanolic acid supplement has anti-inflammatory effects by inhibiting COX-2-induced PGE2. We evaluated the anti-resorptive effects of this

supplement in osteoarthritis (OA) patients. Methods: An 8-week open-label pilot trial with the proprietary supplement in OA patients. Second morning urine was collected at initiation and conclusion. Bone resorption was measured using the collagen N-telopeptide (NTX) assay. Urinary NTX was converted to logarithm data to insure normal distribution and a 2-way ANOVA with interaction was performed. Tukey and Kramer&39;s test for honestly significant difference was performed post hoc. Results: 37 OA patients started the trial and 32 completed: 9 males (average age 53.6), 23 females (average age 50.7). A statistically significant ($p<0.005$) decrease in NTX was observed from the initial elevation of $66.9 +/- 7.96$ (se) nmol BCE/mM to $38.2 +/- 3.39$ nmol BCE/mM after 8 weeks on the supplement. Conclusions: This observation suggests that the proprietary RIAA, rosemary extract, and oleanolic acid supplement with **anti-inflammatory** properties may be useful in improving bone mineral density. Further controlled trials are planned. Research was funded by Metagenics, Inc.

AN 2004:292219 BIOSIS
DN PREV200400291701
TI Assessment of bone resorption in osteoarthritic subjects using a proprietary reduced **iso-alpha acids**, rosemary extract, and oleanolic acid supplement.
AU Lerman, Robert H [Reprint Author]; Lukaczer, Dan O; Darland, Gary K; Liska, DeAnn J; Schiltz, Barbara C; Tripp, Matthew L; Bland, Jeffrey S
CS Functional Medicine Research Center, Metagenics Inc., 9770 44th Ave NW, Gig Harbor, WA, 98332, USA
boblerman@metagenics.com
SO FASEB Journal, (2004) Vol. 18, No. 4-5, pp. Abst. 608.3.
<http://www.fasebj.org/>. e-file.
Meeting Info.: FASEB Meeting on Experimental Biology: Translating the Genome. Washington, District of Columbia, USA. April 17-21, 2004. FASEB.
ISSN: 0892-6638 (ISSN print).
DT Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
LA English
ED Entered STN: 23 Jun 2004
Last Updated on STN: 23 Jun 2004
L3 ANSWER 8 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN
AB Objective: We have shown that a supplement of reduced **iso-alpha acids** (RIAA), rosemary extract, and oleanolic acid inhibits COX-2-specific PGE2 production in vitro. We assessed this supplement for effects on Osteoarthritis (OA), Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA), and Fibromyalgia (FM) in an open-label, 8 week trial. Methods: Supplement dose was 3 tabs/day for 4 weeks, which was continued or increased (4 tabs/day) for the subsequent 4 weeks, depending upon clinical response. Pain and quality-of-life were assessed using the Visual Analog Scale (VAS) and MOS Short-Form 36 (SF-36), respectively. Condition-specific data included the abridged Arthritis Impact Measurement Scale (AIMS2) for OA and RA, and the Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire (FIQ) for FM. Results: 62 subjects entered and 54 completed: 11 males (34-65 y), 43 females (28-68 y). Thirty-two subjects had OA, 19 FM, and 3 RA. OA subjects showed a 50% decrease in **pain** by VAS ($p<0.0001$; Wilcoxon-ranked sums) after supplementation. This decrease in **pain** was consistently observed in the AIMS2 and SF-36 **pain** subscale. No significant change in **pain** was seen for FM. Although **pain** decreased in RA, too few subjects precluded conclusions. Conclusions: The consistent findings of decreased **pain** specific for OA suggest that the RIAA, rosemary, and oleanolic acid supplement is the primary factor in **pain** improvement. Research supported by Metagenics. Inc.
AN 2004:292123 BIOSIS
DN PREV200400291605
TI Benefits of a proprietary reduced **iso-alpha acids** (hops), rosemary extract, and oleanolic acid supplement on **pain** in subjects with osteoarthritis.
AU Lukaczer, Dan O [Reprint Author]; Lerman, Robert H; Darland, Gary K; Liska, DeAnn J; Schiltz, Barbara C; Tripp, Matthew L; Bland, Jeffrey S
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SO FASEB Journal, (2004) Vol. 18, No. 4-5, pp. Abst. 354.10.
<http://www.fasebj.org/>. e-file.

Meeting Info.: FASEB Meeting on Experimental Biology: Translating the
Genome. Washington, District of Columbia, USA. April 17-21, 2004. FASEB.
ISSN: 0892-6638 (ISSN print).

DT Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LA English

ED Entered STN: 23 Jun 2004
Last Updated on STN: 23 Jun 2004